

Which of the following statements about globalization is true?

1. Due to globalization, eventually there will be one uniform culture.
2. Through a trickle down process, monetary wealth will rise throughout the world.
3. The number of poor people around the world will continue to grow with globalization.
4. Its spread and growth can be managed to protect peoples and the environment.
5. The development of transnational firms will put the environment at risk for further exploitation.

Which of the following statements about globalization is true?

1. Due to globalization, eventually there will be one uniform culture.
2. Through a trickle down process, monetary wealth will rise throughout the world.
3. The number of poor people around the world will continue to grow with globalization.
4. Its spread and growth can be managed to protect peoples and the environment.
5. **The development of transnational firms will put the environment at risk for further exploitation.**

Explanation: Choices 1-4 *could be* possibilities, but only time will tell; Choice 5 is the only certain statement.

Which of the following statements about population is correct?

1. Today, most international migrants are refugees.
2. Family planning policies seek to limit population growth.
3. In some countries, in-migration comprises a significant amount of population growth.
4. In the “developed” world only, rapid urbanization is reshaping population patterns.
5. For the most part, the world’s 6 billion people are evenly distributed across the Earth’s surface.

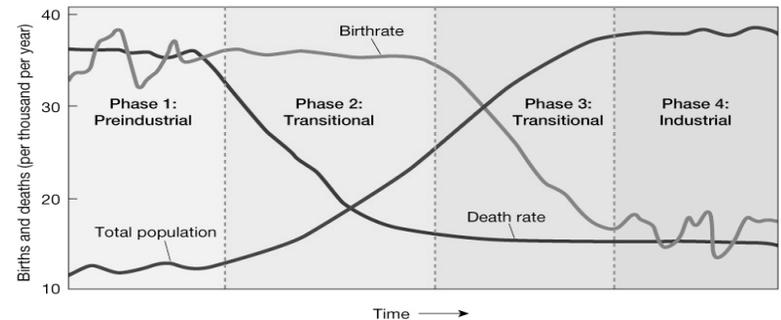
Which of the following statements about population is correct?

1. Today, most international migrants are refugees.
2. Family planning policies seek to limit population growth.
- 3. In some countries, in-migration comprises a significant amount of population growth.**
4. In the “developed” world only, rapid urbanization is reshaping population patterns.
5. For the most part, the world’s 6 billion people are evenly distributed across the Earth’s surface.

Explanation: Industrialized countries like the US and UK tend to have low birthrates. Consequently, immigrants account for a large proportion of total population growth.

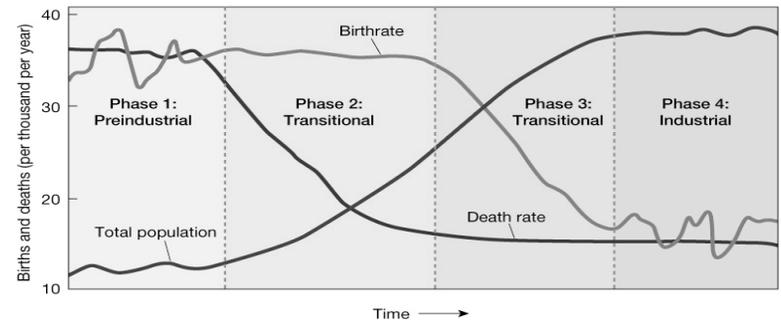
## In the Demographic Transition Model:

1. Birth- and death rates and population growth are high in Phase 1.
2. Population growth stabilizes when death rates decline in Phase 2.
3. Eventually, industrialization and urbanization lead to smaller families.
4. The stages of population growth can be applied universally to all countries.
5. The combination of low birthrates and death rates cause population growth to decline sharply in Phase 4.



In the Demographic Transition Model:

1. Birth- & death rates & population growth are high in Phase 1.
2. Population growth stabilizes when death rates decline in Phase 2.
3. **Eventually, industrialization and urbanization lead to smaller families.**
4. The stages of population growth can be applied universally to all countries.
5. The combination of low birthrates and death rates cause population growth to decline sharply in Phase 4.



The blending of cultures to form a new type of culture is termed:

1. Cultural imperialism
2. Cultural nationalism
3. Cultural collision
4. Cultural syncretism
5. Cultural dynamism

The blending of cultures to form a new type of culture is termed:

1. Cultural imperialism
2. Cultural nationalism
3. Cultural collision
- 4. Cultural syncretism**
5. Cultural dynamism

The characteristic that often best defines cultural groups is:

1. Religion
2. Language
3. Location
4. Politics
5. Customs

The characteristic that often best defines cultural groups is:

1. Religion
2. **Language**
3. Location
4. Politics
5. Customs

Explanation: Choices 1, 4, and 5 are also components of culture, but language is the best answer, particularly because language is the means of communication, which helps members share common religions, customs, and politics. Because cultures can move with people, choice 3 is not the best.

The world's three largest religions, in rank order, are:

1. Christianity (1); Islam (2); Hinduism (3)
2. Islam (1); Hinduism (2); Christianity (3)
3. Christianity (1); Islam (2); Judaism (3)
4. Islam (1); Christianity (2); Judaism (3)
5. Islam (1); Christianity (2); Hinduism (3)

The world's three largest religions, in rank order, are:

**1. Christianity (1); Islam (2); Hinduism (3)**

2. Islam (1); Hinduism (2); Christianity (3)

3. Christianity (1); Islam (2); Judaism (3)

4. Islam (1); Christianity (2); Judaism (3)

5. Islam (1); Christianity (2); Hinduism (3)

Explanation: Christianity has 2 billion adherents, Islam 1.2 billion, and Hinduism has 850 million. Judaism is much smaller with 18 million followers.

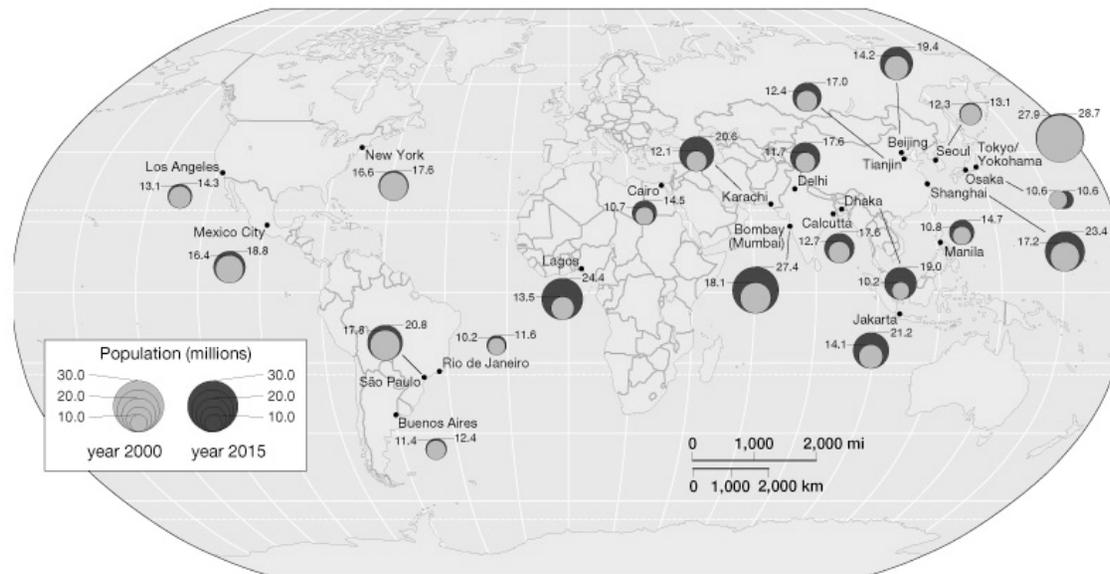
Japan's population is 99.4% ethnic Japanese, and 0.6% Korean.  
Based on this description, Japan is best described as a:

1. nation
2. state
3. nation-state
4. micro-nation
5. territory

Japan's population is 99.4% ethnic Japanese, and 0.6% Korean. Based on this description, Japan is best described as a:

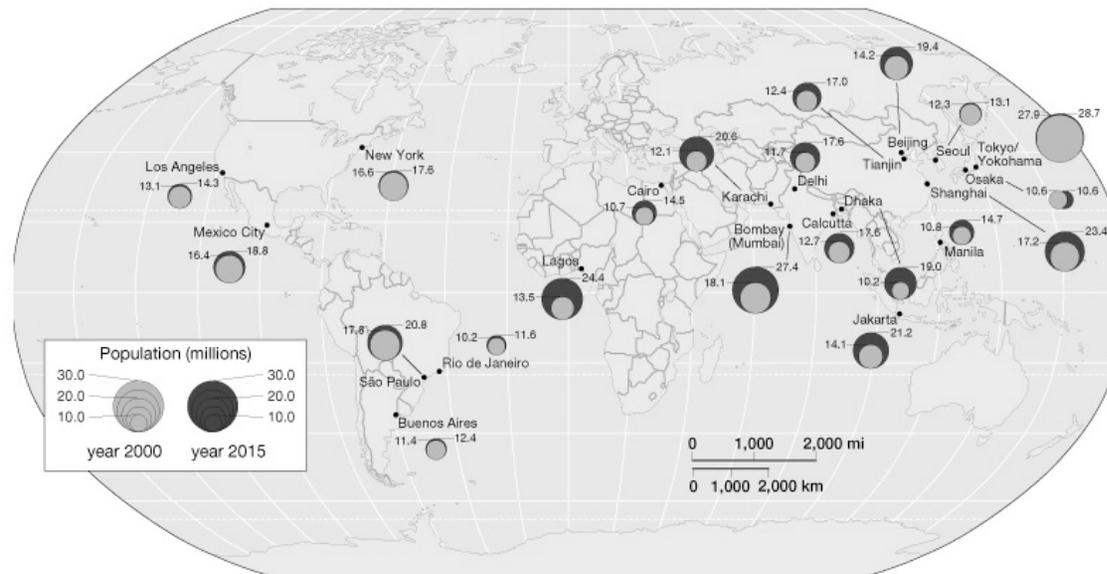
1. nation
2. state
- 3. nation-state**
4. micro-nation
5. territory

Explanation: A nation-state is defined as “a relatively homogenous cultural group with its own fully-independent political territory” (p. 21). Given Japan's relative ethnic homogeneity, it is a good example of a nation-state.



According to this map:

1. In 2015, the largest cities will be in the southern hemisphere.
2. Japanese cities will increase greatly in size between 2000 and 2015.
3. North American cities will decrease in size between 2000 and 2015.
4. Southeast Asian cities like Jakarta and Manila will grow slowly.
5. The eastern hemisphere has more large cities than the western.



According to this map:

1. In 2015, the largest cities will be in the southern hemisphere.
2. Japanese cities will increase greatly in size between 2000 and 2015.
3. North American cities will decrease in size between 2000 and 2015.
4. Southeast Asian cities like Jakarta and Manila will grow slowly.
5. **The eastern hemisphere has more large cities than the western.**

World organizations use which measure of economic activity for making international comparisons?

1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
2. Gross National Income (GNI)
3. Per capita Gross National Income (GNI)
4. Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)
5. The Economic Growth Rate

World organizations use which measure of economic activity for making international comparisons?

1. Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
2. Gross National Income (GNI)
3. Per capita Gross National Income (GNI)
4. **Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)**
5. The Economic Growth Rate

Explanation: PPP provides a comparable figure for a standard “market basket” of goods, which takes into account cost of living differences and inflation.

Which of the following is not considered an indicator of social development?

1. Life expectancy of men relative to women
2. The number of children who die per 1000 persons
3. Rate of urbanization
4. Low levels of illiteracy
5. The number of women working in the labor force

Which of the following is not considered an indicator of social development?

1. Life expectancy of men relative to women
2. The number of children who die per 1000 persons
- 3. Rate of urbanization**
4. Low levels of illiteracy
5. The number of women working in the labor force